FREE PRESS GUJARAT

Anchored in Shivaji's spirit, India's naval opera-Healing touch tions get a desi touch in international waters

Pakistan goes to the polls today. For months, nobody was certain whether the election would be held or not. This uncertainty was for many reasons; one of them pertains to the fact that elections were not held in Punjab and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa provinces as per the constitutional provision that they be held within 90 days after both provincial assemblies had been dissolved by Imran Khan's Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf in January 2023, Caretaker set-ups have been ruling Punjab and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for over a year now. The Supreme Court was finally able to set a date for the general election back in November 2023 after a consensus was reached between the president, Arif Alvi, and Pakistan's chief election commissioner on a date — February 8, 2024. However, the election has become controversial due to various reasons. There are terrorist threats in some areas as well as chances of violence (over 20 people have been killed in bomb blasts in the election offices of two candidates in Balochistan). Almost 51% of the polling stations have been categorised as 'sensitive' by the Election Commission of Pakistan for the polls. Last week, the army top brass issued a stern warning against any attempt to disrupt the general election. Many are wondering what the results will be like and whether they will be credible, given that Imran Khan's PTI is not being allowed to campaign freely. On top of that, Imran Khan was sentenced to jail in three different cases — the cipher case, the Toshakhana case and the iddat/illegal marriage case — one after another. Analysts say that while these verdicts won't be upheld in the high courts when challenged as due process was not followed, the quick succession of jail sentences for Imran Khan in three cases and even his wife in the latter two means that there is a clear message for the PTI: Imran Khan is not acceptable and is not going to make a comeback, at least not for now. In Pakistan, we have seen this before: political leaders being put behind bars before elections. However, some say that this time it is different. The word is that there will be a 'Bangladesh model' wherein Imran Khan will remain incarcerated like Khaleda Zia while whoever forms the government would be allowed to work without any disruption. The prediction this time is that Nawaz Sharif's Pakistan Muslim League-Nawaz will form the government, but it may be a coalition government with smaller parties. Some say the Pakistan Peoples Party may be part of the coalition while others believe it will be in the Opposition since the PTI is facing a battle for survival. However, the PTI is banking on a large voter turnout today and its slogan is 'zulm ka badla vote se' (revenge against injustice through vote). Some political analysts believe that many PTI voters would be disheartened due to the dismantling of the party and would not come out to vote as they think the election is rigged against their party. But the PTI is still hopeful of a 'surprise'. While analysts say that the election will not be free and fair — the poll in 2018 wasn't either — to suggest that it will only be free and fair if the PTI wins is also not right. Recent surveys have shown that the PML-N has gained popularity over the last few months in Puniab.

past month, the Indian Navy has emerged as the bright spot in the otherwise unstable waters of the Red Sea. The Israel-Hamas war has not only thrown the Middle East into a flux but its effects are now also spilling over to South Asia and the wider expanse of the Indian Ocean

Region. The worsening security concerns in the Red Sea due to constant attacks from the Yemen-based Houthis on cargo ships have further been exacerbated with Somali pirates also targeting the ships passing through this region. As the security situation in the Red Sea and also in the Arabian Sea has deteriorated. the Indian Navy has now emerged as the net security provider in the Indian Ocean Region. Indian Navy has always been exemplary in its duty and in particular, has always been proactive in benign causes like Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief (HADR) operations. However, with the spill-over effects of the war in the Middle East threatening the security of the Indian Ocean Region, India is asserting its position as the resident power and as the primary stakeholder in the security architecture of the region. India's rescue operations and in particular the role of the Indian Navy not only correspond to the existing global order. The current security

By carrying out back-to- nounced the role of the Indian back rescue operations in the Navy. But there is also a strong civilisational undertone to India's naval operations. This undertone could be considered from decolonisation and indigenisation perspectives

The decolonisation narrative has been a major issue in the Indian political discourse for a long time. However, in the past few months, there has been a tangible and accelerated effort towards decolonisation and indigenisation across different spheres. Some important steps in this direction include the use of the name Bharat instead of India. This was the highlight when India hosted the G20 Summit in September 2023 as the placard in front of Prime Minister Narendra Modi displayed the name Bharat. Besides, three criminal justice laws, the Bharatiya Nyay Sanhita, the Bharatiya Suraksha Sanhita and the Bharatiya Sakshya Act, recently passed by the Indian parliament also seek to replace the colonial-era Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure and the Indian Evidence Act. The recent consecration of the Ram Temple in Ayodhya is projected as one of the most prominent steps towards decolonisation.

Also, the scope of the decolonisation narrative has now expanded. For decades, only the 200-year British rule in India was earmarked as the colonial period in the collecconcerns may have pro- tive memory of the Indian peo-



ple. Now the 200-year period is being replaced by a period of about 1,000 years which

includes the Islamic invasions in India. This indigenisation process which is becoming visible in the political, legal and cultural domains is gradually gaining emphasis in the security domain as well. Just as the decolonisation debate had been restricted to British rule, the same principle was evident in Indian strategic thought as well for a long time. As one of the relics of British rule, the continental mindset had remained a norm in Indian strategic thought for a long time. The continental mindset crept into India's security outlook as a legacy of the British who were engaged in the Great Game with Russia. It led to the British focusing more on the territorial aspect of security to stop Russia's advances against India. This included courting countries and regions in the Northwest and the Northeast such as Afghani-

Khanates (as they were then known), Tibet and China.

This thinking consolidated even after independence as India faced perpetual security concerns from Pakistan and China. As a result the fact that India was one of the major maritime nations in the world since time immemorial was greatly sidelined. However, in the past about one decade, the maritime domain has been regaining its importance in India's strategic circles. The emergence of the geostrategic concept of the Indo-Pacific Region and China's belligerence in India's neighbourhood and extended neighbourhood have caused India to increase its focus on strengthening the naval arm of its military. The growing focus on the Indian Navy has essentially been accompanied by decoupling the Indian Navy from its British legacy and taking it back to its indigenous roots. To achieve this, the government has evoked Chhatrapati Shivaji

the Father of the Indian Navv.

Shivaji, who inherited a landlocked region, recognised the importance of sea access and navy. His strategic vision proclaimed: 'He who owns the Navy owns the Sea'. Shivaji foresaw that the Navy was essential not only to defend his kingdom but also to protect sea trade. At the peak of his rule, Shivaji successfully built sea forts to defend the coastlines extending through Konkan. Starting from scratch with around 18-20 ships Shivaji built a fleet of more than 500 ships.To decolonise and indigenise its naval strategic thought, India is now identifying itself with Shivaji and letting go off the British legacy. In September 2022, Prime Minister Narendra Modi unveiled the Indian Navy's new ensign that is inspired by Shivaji and dropped St George's Cross from the colonial era. On 4 December, 2023, on the occasion of Navy Day, the Indian Navy held an operational demonstration (Op Demo) at Tarkali Beach on the West Coast against the backdrop of Sindhudurg Fort built by Shivaii. Further recently the government has proposed listing of Maratha Military Landscapes of India for the UNESCO World Heritage List for the year 2024-25. This list includes 12 forts, 11 of which are in Maharashtra and one is in Tamil Nadu. It is pertinent to note that out of these 12 forts, four forts – Sindhudurg, Vijaydurg, Suvarnadurg and Khanderi – are sea forts in stan, the Central Asian Maharaj who is considered as Maharashtra along the Konkan

coast. These four forts were developed by Shivaji as the naval bases of his state. The Navy had played an important role in consolidating the Maratha rule, which reached its peak during the reign of Shivaji. While drawing inspiration from a historical figure like Shivaji in the operational domain, it is equally important to continue strengthening and upgrading the navy to face contemporary challenges. In this area as well India is following Shivaji by gradually shifting to Atmanirbharta or self-reliance in defence manufacturing. To this end, the Indian Navy recently released 'Swavlamban 2.0' document to synergise the Indian Navy's relationship with the industry and to encourage all sectors of the industry to participate in the indigenous development of all naval systems. While the indigenisation plan is a positive step, it is important to back this with budget allocation. In the defence budget for 2024-2025, the Indian Navy has been allocated an outlay of Rs23,800 crore for the naval fleet and Rs6,830 crore for naval dockvard projects. The Indian Navy plans to acquire deckbased fighter aircraft, submarines, and next-generation survey vessels through this allocation. The Red Sea crisis has highlighted the role of the Indian Navy in international security. The contemporary global order combined with Shivaji's legacy should further propel India to assert its rightful position as a leading maritime nation in the world.

Employee steals gold worth 45L

accused his employee of duping him of gold worth Rs 45.41 lakh. Complainant Aryan Shah, a resident of Paldi who owns a jewellery shop on CG Road, supplies 22-carat gold ornaments to various showrooms. In exchange, he receives 99 grams of 24-carat gold. He told police, "Pavan Soni, a resident of Chandlodia, was tasked with supplying ornaments and obshowrooms."Pavan informed him about a distant relative who

Ahmedabad: A jeweller has Pavan and Hitesh Joshi were sent to Vadodara for a meeting with Paresh Soni. "During the visit, Pavan took away the ornaments to show to a customer, who allegedly chose ornaments weighing 481g. In May, a person named Parth Soni, claiming to be Pavan's cousin, informed them that Paresh had asked for 866.78g of ornaments. Parth handed over 700g of gold, saying Paresh would provide the taining pure gold from various details," said Shah. When the complainant sought payment, aresh claimed he ha

NAM at a crossroads: Analysing India's diplomatic choices and priorities

joint commission meeting in India's championing of the Global South at the G20, in-Nigeria, where he met with the new leadership. In some ways, cluding the induction of the African Union as a member, the participation of the EAM is, brought forth the salience of protocol-wise, the lowest since existing institutions in the Glo-2012. That was the last time bal South. One of these is the an Indian prime minister at-Non-Aligned Movement (NAM). tended a NAM summit when India, though a founder of this Manmohan Singh went to Iran. movement, has been distanc- In 2016, the summit in Vening itself due to the maverick ezuela saw India represented



is a mix of several factors, but the previous chairs, South Afthe level of participation and engagement remains largely the same. NAM has 120 members, 20 observers, and 10 international organizations in attendance. It is the largest gathering of countries outside the UN. This marks the seventh time that NAM is hosted in Africa. Egypt hosted twice, and five oth-

rica and Zimbabwe had presidents, Algeria at the level of the prime minister, Egypt with the foreign minister, and Zambia through its defence minister. This lacks a pattern of commitment from past African chairs. For Uganda, this was the largest diplomatic event since hosting the Commonwealth Sum-

owned a showroom in the ornaments and had not Vadodara and expressed inter- placed an order. The jeweller est in dealing with him. In April, then lodged a complaint.

WESTERN RAILWAY-RAJKOT DIVISION VARIOUS ENGINEERING WORKS

E-Tender Notice No. 32 of 2023-24 date 05/02/2024; Office Address: Divisiona Railway Manager (Engg.), Western Railway, Kothi Compound, Rajkot, Gujarat - 360 001 · Website · www irens gov in

		minepoigovini	Ctate DD Cinch led the Indian		
Sr. No	e-Tender No.	Name of Work	Approximate NIT Cost	Date & Time of Opening of Tender	State RR Singh led the Indian delegation at the ministerial segment. Another Minister of
1	DRM-RJT- 23-E-100	Hapa: Line CSR increase work of outward line by 750 m.	₹ 33,69,702.65	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	State, V Murleedharan, partici- pated in the meeting of the G77
2	DRM-RJT- 23-E-101	Rajkot Division:- Improvement to Level Crossings under	₹ 2,02,21,833.37	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	that followed. Jaishankar could
juris	diction of Div	on of Divisional Engineer (West) Rajkot.			not participate in the G77 meet-
3	DRM-RJT- 23-E-102		₹ 38,32,141.80	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	ing as he was committed to a
fullr	ake handling	j.		WESTERN RAILWAY	
4	DRM-RJT- 23-E-103	Rajkot Division: Providing Lift and its allied work at Platform No.	₹ 39,80,506.28	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	CORRIGENDUM To Tender No.: W641-22-23-06 E-
4/5 at Rajkot Station.					434312 in the date of closing for Procurement of Track Inspection and
5	DRM-RJT- 23-E-104	Rajkot Division:- Increase of one meter height and barbed wire	₹ 22,62,761.79	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	Monitoring System (TIMS). The date of Closing of the e-Tender has been
		dary wall with construction of watch CSTE-W-RJT unit at Rajkot.	changed From 27.12.2023 at 11:00 Hrs. To 28.02.2024 at the same		
6	DRM-RJT- 23-E-105	Annual repair and maintenance of bridges under jurisdiction of	₹ 1,45,40,569.00	26/02/2024 15:00 Hrs.	time. Other terms and Conditions of the NIT/Tender Conditions remain unchanged. For more details visit our
Sr. Section Engineer (Works) Hapa for a period of one year.				website <u>www.ireps.gov.in</u> . 1163	

Like us on: 🗗 facebook.com/WesternRly • Follow us on: 💥 twitter.com/WesternRly 🛎

Kundani Tarun

Bhojrajbhai & Kundani

Vanitaben Bhojraj-LBVRV00005734601

Date: February 09, 2024

Place: Veraval & Junagadh

The above-mentioned borrowers(s)/ qua

the mortgaged properties will be sold on t

the provisions under the Rules 8 and 9 of

nature of some recent chairmen

Like us on: f facebook.com/WesternRly

Ansari. In 2019, the chairman-The External Affairs Minisship shifted to Azerbaijan, and ter S Jaishankar, represented India was again represented India at the NAM summit in by then vice president, Kampala, Uganda, fulfilling a Venkaiah Naidu. Although the promise he had made during EAM ranks lower in protocol his visit to Uganda in April than the vice president, his persona and stature reflect India's 2023. Besides him, Minister of current standing in the Global ate RR Singh led the Indian legation at the ministerial South more accurately. Dogment. Another Minister of mestic compulsions made it imate, V Murleedharan, participossible for Prime Minister Narendra Modi to go, but Modi ted in the meeting of the G77 at followed. Jaishankar could has never participated in a participate in the G77 meet-

NAM summit since 2014. Beyears. Since the summit is held

fore that, Indian prime ministers always attended NAM summits, except Chaudhary Charan Singh in 1979. When Cuba assumed the chair of NAM in 1979, eyebrows were raised. India was then requested to take up the chair in 1983 instead of Iraq, which was at war. This move restored the prestige of NAM for several

once every three years, the sequence of chairs from Iran, Venezuela, to Azerbaijan shows a lack of willingness among major countries to chair NAM. Recent chairs were not mainstream countries that added stature to the movement; instead, they were countries seeking sustenance from the chairmanship. In Uganda, there

ers have now hosted. Among mit in 2007.

BEFORE THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL BENCH AT AHMEDABAD C.A.(CAA Form No. CAA/3(AHM) 2024 [Pursuant to section 230(3) and rules 6 and 7]

Arcoy Industries (India) Private Limited (CIN: U2649168PTC001520, a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, having its registered office at 606, Abhijit Building, Mithakhali Six Roads, hmedabad -380001, Gujarat, India.

Applicant Amalgamated Company

Arcoy India Private Limited (CIN: U65190GJ196PTC001637), a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013, having its registered office at 606, Abhijit Building, Mithakhali Six Roads, Ahmedabad 380001, Gujarat, India

Applicant Amalgamating Company

NOTICE AND ADVERTISEMENT OF THE MEETING OF THE UNSECURED CREDITORS OF THE APPLICANT COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that by an order dated 01.February 2024, the Ahmedabad Bench of the National Company Law Tribunal ('Tribunal') has directed meetings to be held of the unsecured creditors of both the Applicant Companies for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving with or without modification(s), the proposed amalgamation embodied in the Scheme of Amalgamation of Arcoy India Private Limited (CIN: U65190GJ196PTC001637 and Arcoy Industries (India) Private Limited CIN:_U2649168PTC001520) and their respective shareholders .

In pursuance of the said order and as directed therein, further notice is hereby given that meeting of the unsecured creditors of (Arcoy India Private Imited) the Applicant Amalgamating Company will be held on 18th March 2024 at 11 am. at 606, Abhijit Company Building, at Mithakali Six Roads, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380001 at which time and place the said unsecured creditors are requested to attend. In pursuance of the said order and as directed therein, further notice is hereby given that meeting of the unsecured creditors of (Arcoy Industries (India) Private Imited) the Applicant Amalgamated Company will be held on 18th March 2024 at 01:00 P.M. at 606, Abhijit Company Building, at Mithakali Six Roads, Ahmedabad, Gujarat -380001 at which time and place the said unsecured creditors are requested to attend

Copies of the said Scheme and of the Explanatory Statement under Sections 230(3), 232(1) and (2) and 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 6 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules 2016 can be obtained free of charge at the registered office of the Applican Company at Abhijit Company Building at - Mithakhali Six Roads,, Ahmedabad Gujarat - 380001 and/ or at the office of its Advocates, Raval & Raval Advocates having their office at 602-604, City Centre 2, Next to Hir Party Plot, Near CIMS Hospital, Science City Road, Ahmedabad - 380059. The persons entitled to attend, and vote at the meeting, may vote in person or by proxy, provided that all proxies in the prescribed form are deposited at the registered office of the Company at Abhijit Company Building at - Mithakhali Six Roads, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380001 not later than 48 hours before the meeting Further, a body corporate which is an unsecured creditor is entitled to appoint a representative for the purposes of participating and / or voting during the meeting

The form of proxy can be obtained free of charge from the registered office of the Applicant Amalgamated Company/Applicant Amalgamating Compan and / or email to hod.account@arcoy.com

The Tribunal has appointed Dr Madan Bhalachandra Gosavi, as the Chairperson of the said meeting of the unsecured creditors of both the Applicant Companies. The above-mentioned Scheme, if approved in the foresaid meeting, will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Tribunal. Further, the Applicant Companies have provided the facility of voting by polling paper at the venue of the meeting. Mr Mohammed Arkam G Shaikh, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer for the said meeting.

|| Shree Ganeshaya Namah||

NANDINI TEXCOM (INDIA) LIMITED CIN: L65910GJ1994PLC021165

Reg. Office: B-304, International Commerce Center, Near Kadiwala School, Ring Road, Surat-395002.

Tel:0261-4004596 Email: nandinitexcom@hotmail.com, website: nandinitex.com

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED NINE MO	ONTHS END	ED ON 31S	T DECEMBE	R, 2023	- (Rs. in Lacs)
		UARTER ENDE			THS ENDED	YEAR ENDED
PARTICULARS	31-12-2023	30-09-2023	31-12-2022	31-12-2023		31-03-2023
	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
PART I						
1. Net Income from Operation	1,164.60	1,747.23	1,850.76	4,297.89	5,524.03	7,214.94
2. Expenditure						
a. Consumption of Raw Material	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	985.62	1,548.44	1,458.86	3,440.67	4,764.97	7,223.54
c. Change in Inventories of Finished					-	
Goods & Work-in-progress	75.28	40.83	333.46	504.55	182.39	(301.31)
d. Employees Benefits Expenses	7.68	27.29	28.55	63.24	82.84	93.14
e. Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	13.21
f. Other Expenses	80.35	95.37	158.82	281.03	421.56	138.89
g. Total Expenditure	1,148.93	1,711.93	1,979.69	4,289.49	5,451.75	7,167.47
3. Profit from Operations before Other		r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Income, Interest & Exceptional Items(1-2)	15.67	35.30	(128.93)	8.40	72.28	47.47
4. Other Income	0.09	-	0.19	0.15	0.23	12.83
5. Profit before Interest and Exceptional						
Items (3+4)	15.76	35.30	(128.74)	8.56	72.52	60.30
6. Financial Cost	16.37	31.82	14.70	46.76	40.40	61.41
7. Profit after Interest but before Exceptional						
Items (5-6)	(0.61)	3.48	(143.44)	(38.20)	32.11	(1.11)
8. Exceptional Item	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary Activities					r	
before Tax (7+8)	(0.61)	3.48	(143.44)	(38.20)	32.11	(1.11)
10. Taxation Expenses					-	
a. Current Tax	-	-	-	-	-	1.88
b. Deferred Tax Liability/(Assets)	-	-	-	-	-	0.20
c. Total Tax Expenses	-	-	· ·	-	r -	2.08
11. Net Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary						
activities after tax (9-10)	(0.61)	3.48	(143.44)	(38.20)	32.11	(3.19)
12. Extraordinary Items	0.00	-	-	-	-	-
13. Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (11-12)	(0.61)	3.48	(143.44)	(38.20)	32.11	(3.19)
14. Paid up Equity Share capital	500.01	500.01	500.01	500.01	500.01	500.01
(Face value of Rs. 10/- each per share)					-	
15. Reserve excluding Revaluation Reserver as						
per previous Balance Sheet					-	
16. Earning Per Share					-	
Before Extraordinary Items					-	
a. Basic & Diluated EPS	(0.01)	0.07	(2.87)	(0.76)	0.64	(0.06)
After Extraordinary Items					-	
a. Basic & Diluted EPS	(0.01)	0.07	(2.87)	(0.76)	0.64	(0.06)
	(0.01)	0.07	(2.87)	(0.76)	0.64	

NOTES

Place : Surat

Date : Fabruary 9,2024

1. The above unaudited results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 9th February, 2024

 The company is not carrying any segment in its buiness activities therefore no segment reporting has been done.
Previous Period's/Year's figures have been regrouped /recast wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current period.

FOR, NANDINI TEXCOM (INDIA) LIMITED

Managing Director DIN: 00086179

ASHOKKUMAR TEKRIWAL

360001/ February 07, 2024 wers(s)/ guarantors(s) are hereby given a 30 day notice to repay the amount, else Il be sold on the expiry of 30 days from the date of publication of this Notice, as per es 8 and 9 of Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules 2002.							
h Authorized Officer							

SYMBOLIC POSSESSION NOTICE

Pictic Bank Branch Office: ICICI Bank Ltd., Office Number 201-B, 2nd Floor, Road No 1 Plot No-B3, WIFI IT Park, Wagle Industrial Estate, Thane, Maharashtra- 400604 Whereas

The undersigned being the Authorized Officer of ICICI Bank Limited under the Securitisation, Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 and in exercise of the powers conferred under section 13 (12) read with Rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) rules 2002, issued demand notices upon the borrowers mentioned below, to repay the amount mentioned in the notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notice.

As the borrower failed to repay the amount, notice is hereby given to the borrower and the public in general that the undersigned has taken Symbolic possession of the property described herein below in exercise of

j	powers conferred on him/ her under Section 13(4) of the said Act read with Rule 8 of the said rules on the below-mentioned dates. The borrower in particular and the public in general is hereby cautioned not to deal with the property and any dealings with the property will be subject to the charge of ICICI Bank Limited.					
Sr. Name of the Borrower/ No. Loan Account Number		Name of the Borrower/ Loan Account Number	Description of Property/ Date of Symbolic Possession	Date of Demand Notice/ Amount in Demand Notice (Rs.)	Name of Branch	
		Tarun Bhojrajbhai Kundani & Vanitaben Bhojraj Kundani- LBVRV00005734607	Sub-Plot No-74, Shiv Lila Infront of Devka Garden, Near Bihari Nagar Dabhor Road, R.S No 1210 and 1211 to 1215, Plot No 74/A, South Side, F.P. No 281, T.P.S No 1, Veraval, Gir, Somnath, Junagadh- 360001/ February 07, 2024	October 10, 2023 Rs. 14,94,912.00/-	Veraval	